§ 62.101

- (5) Alabama Department of Environmental Management Plan for the Control of Hospital/Medical/Infectious Waste Incinerators, submitted on April 20, 1999, by the Alabama Department of Environmental Management.
- (c) Designated facilities. The plan applies to existing facilities in the following categories of sources:
- (1) Sulfuric acid plants;
- (2) Phosphate fertilizer plants.
- (3) Existing municipal solid waste landfills.
- (4) Existing municipal waste combustors.
- (5) Existing hospital/medical/infectious waste incinerators.

[48 FR 31402, July 8, 1983, as amended at 63 FR 54058, Oct. 8, 1998; 63 FR 63990, Nov. 18, 1998; 65 FR 18911, Apr. 10, 2000]

SULFURIC ACID MIST FROM EXISTING SULFURIC ACID PLANTS

§62.101 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to existing facilities at the following sulfuric acid plants:

- (a) Acid plants operated by
- (1) Reichhold Chemical Company in Tuscaloosa,
- (2) Stauffer Chemical Company in Mobile, and
 - (3) Estech Chemical in Dothan.
 - (b) There are no oleum plants.
- (c) There are not sulfur-burning plants.
- (d) There are no bound sulfur feedstock plants.

FLUORIDE EMISSIONS FROM PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER PLANTS

§ 62.102 Identification of sources.

The plan currently does not identify any sources subject to its fluoride emission limits.

LANDFILL GAS EMISSIONS FROM EXIST-ING MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LAND-FILLS

§ 62.103 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to existing municipal solid waste landfills for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before May 30, 1991, that accepted waste at any time since November 8, 1987, or that have additional capacity available for future

waste deposition, as described in 40 CFR part 60, subpart Cc.

[63 FR 54058, Oct. 8, 1998]

METALS, ACID GASES, ORGANIC COM-POUNDS AND NITROGEN OXIDE EMIS-SIONS FROM EXISTING MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTORS WITH THE CAPAC-ITY TO COMBUST GREATER THAN 250 TONS PER DAY OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

§ 62.104 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to existing facilities with a municipal waste combustor (MWC) unit capacity greater than 250 tons per day of municipal solid waste (MSW) at the following MWC sites:

- (a) Solid Waste Disposal Authority of the City of Huntsville MWC, Huntsville, Alabama.
- (b) [Reserved]

[63 FR 63990, Nov. 18, 1998]

AIR EMISSIONS FROM HOSPITAL/MED-ICAL/INFECTIOUS WASTE INCINERATORS

§ 62.105 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to existing hospital/medical/infectious waste incinerators for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before June 20, 1996, as described in 40 CFR part 60, subpart Ce.

[65 FR 18911, Apr. 10, 2000]

AIR EMISSIONS FROM SMALL EXISTING MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTION UNITS

§ 62.106 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

Letter from the Alabama Department of Environmental Management submitted January 11, 2001, certifying that there are no small municipal waste combustion units subject to 40 CFR part 60, subpart BBBB.

[67 FR 273, Jan. 3, 2002]

Environmental Protection Agency

AIR EMISSIONS FROM COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE INCINER-ATION (CISWI) UNITS (SECTION 111(d)/ 129 PLAN)

§62.107 Identification of sources.

The Plan applies to existing Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration Units that commenced construction on or before November 30, 1999.

[68 FR 4105, Jan. 28, 2003]

Subpart C—Alaska

Source: 44 FR 76281, Dec. 26, 1979, unless otherwise noted.

FLUORIDE EMISSIONS FROM PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER PLANTS

§ 62.350 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation submitted on June 9, 1977, certification that there are no existing phosphate fertilizer plants in the State subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

ACID MIST FROM SULFURIC ACID PLANTS

§ 62.351 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation submitted on June 9, 1977, certification that there are no existing sulfuric acid plants in the State subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

TOTAL REDUCED SULFUR EMISSIONS FROM KRAFT PULP MILLS

§62.352 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation submitted on June 9, 1977, certification that there are no existing kraft pulp mills in the State subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

FLUORIDE EMISSIONS FROM PRIMARY ALUMINUM REDUCTION PLANTS

§ 62.353 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation submitted on June 9, 1977, certification that there are no existing primary aluminum reduction plants in the State subject to part 60, subpart B of this chapter.

EMISSIONS FROM EXISTING MUNICIPAL WASTE COMBUSTORS WITH THE CAPACITY TO BURN GREATER THAN 250 TONS PER DAY OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

§ 62.354 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

Letter from the Department of Environmental Conservation submitted June 30, 1997 certifying that there are no existing municipal waste combustor units in the State of Alaska that are subject to part 60, subpart Cb, of this chapter.

[65 FR 33466, May 24, 2000]

Subpart D—Arizona

LANDFILL GAS EMISSIONS FROM EXIST-ING MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LAND-FILLS

SOURCE: Sections 62.600 through 62.602 appear at 64 FR 50771, Sept. 20, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

§62.600 Identification of plan.

The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality submitted on June 17, 1997 and June 29, 1999 the State of Arizona's Section 111(d) Plan for Existing Municipal Solid Waste Landfills.

§ 62.601 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to all existing municipal solid waste landfills for which construction, reconstruction, or modification was commenced before May 30, 1991, as described in 40 CFR part 60, subpart Cc.

§62.602 Effective date.

The effective date of EPA approval of the plan is November 19, 1999.